SUPPLEMENT
TO THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 7TH 1816.

FROM THE MADRAS GAZETTE.—FEB. 24TH 1816.

The KING of FRANCE had appointed a Privy Council, the Members unlimitted—from which a Cabine Council, as prevails in England is chosen—The Members are denominated Ministers of State.

The March fleet from the Country, had arrived in England prior to the sailing of the Orient.

On the 6th of October, a Court of Directors was held at the East India House, when the Cabalva, Marquis of Huntley, Castle Huntley, Lady Melville, Cumberland and Marquis of Ely, stationed for Bombay and China, were ordered to be afloat the 1st of November, sail to Gravesend the 16th, stay 30 days and be in the Downs on the 23d of December.

Sir Pulteney Malcolm struck his flag at Sheerness on the 8th of October.

The Island of Guadaloupe had submitted to the King of France—Linois and General Boyer who commanded the Troops had arrived in England and were sent to France on the 9th October. They and the Troops, amounting to 1400 men, were to be kept at Havre, until the pleasure of the King was known.

A vacancy has occurred in the East India Direction—Abraham Robarts, Esq. having been disqualified on account of ill health.

The Ann, Tate, from Bombay arrived on the 10th of October off Portland.

Murat, it appears, had been seized in Corsica.

The Waterloo Subscription in England, according to the latest accounts, to which we have had access, amounted to the sum of £ 200, 000.

Plymouth, Oct. 12.—Passed down Channel the Orlando Frigate for India having some India Ships with her.

The King of Prussia with his family was at Brussels on the 11th of Oct. when the whole Royal Family went to the Theatre—after the Play, His Majesty took his departure to return to Berlin by way of Aix la Chapelle.

On Michalmas Day—MATHEW WOOD, Esq. was chosen Lord Mayor of London for the present year.

The County of Tipperary was put under the protection of the Insurrection Act, by Proclamation, on the 25th of September.

CARNOT has published a Pamphlet disclaiming any concern in the late recal of Bonaparte, and an apology for the conduct of the Government Commission, of which he was a Member, in not immediately restoring the King's Authority; urging that the Commission was only entrusted with the execution of the Laws and was as to political questions subservient to the Chambers.

The Waterloo Subscription at Halifax, Nova Scotia, amount[illegible]

By Decrees of Louis 18th on the 28th September, countersigned Richelieu—Talleyrand, Gouvion St. Cyr. Jaucourt, Pasquier and Louis were nominated Ministers of State—the Cordon of the Legion of Honor was likewise bestowed on the three latter and Talleyrand appointed Grand Chamberlain. The Decrees are introduced with the following words "Wishing to give our faithful and beloved (—) a mark of our satisfaction for the eminent services he has rendered, and in acknowledgement of his fidelity to our person &c."

The Duke de Grammont is appointed Governor of the 1st Military Division and Count de Damas Crew of the 23d in France.

The Westminster Waterloo Subscription amounts to upwards of £ 100,000 independent of the 200,000 at Lloyds, mentioned in a preceeding paragraph.

Sir Robert Hall is appointed resident Naval Commissioner at Quebec.

Lord Amherst had been appointed Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of China and Mr. Ellis, Secretary of Legation.

Mr. Peel the Secretary for Ireland and Mr. O'Connell has been bound over to keep the Peace in large penalties. It appears that Mrs. O'Connell having heard of the intended Duel, gave notice to the Magistrates. The following Epigram was written on the occasion. Mr. Peel it appears is called the Prince of Orange from belonging to the Orange Society.

O'CONNELLS bold threat to *squeeze* Orange PEEL
The Irish consider was only a joke
And Brave Admiral CRO[illegible] (who sorely did feel)
Said he had better been pleased had it [illegible]

The Honorable East India Company had presented a Valuable service of plate, to their late Council Mr. Adam, for his eminent and valuable services.

The Prize Money for the capture of JAVA is in course of payment ——The Admiral and Commodore share £ 10,908 14 1½ each—— 8th Class British Seamen £ 4 14 7½.

MORNING CHRONICLE,—OCT. 6.

The King of Prussia is still in Paris; but it is thought he will soon leave it.

The portion of the Prussian army which is not to remain in France begins to retire. The Guards will go, but Thielman's corps, 40,000 strong, will remain near Paris. It is gone to Versailles.

The emigrations from France to the United States, in order to obtain release from the burden of the contributions, and to escape from the civil commotions which are dreaded, have been very considerable. We are told, that the families of Marshal Brune and of Col. Labedoyere have already taken their departure; and it is publicly known, that Marshal Ney, with his whole establishment will pursue the same destination should he obtain his acquittal. We have a communication from a Gentleman who was in company with five branches of families who are taking their passage for America, and who will carry with them property to the amount of one million of francs. The population in the silk manufacturing provinces to the south-east of the kingdom, all Protestants, it is apprehended, will be reduced by the same cause to the number of 60,000

Pistowsky, Buonaparte's favourite Polish Officer, has sailed in the Cormorant, to join his master at St. Helena.

A Frenchman seeing the Allied Sovereigns lately *embrace* when parting at the Thuilleries, exclaimed, "Oh! that they would *squeeze* each other as they have have squeezed us—I should then die happy."

PARIS, OCT. 6.—The four venetian horses and the lion, which have been damaged (and which were damaged before, but can be easily mended) will leave in a few days, with other objects of art taken from the Museum, under the escort of the last division of Austrians stationed at Paris; they will pass through Geneva and Simplon on their road to Venice.

This morning the *Laocoon* was taken down, and the *Apollo* cased up preparatory to removal; the *Cupid* and *Psyche* are gone, and the celebrated *Horses*; there yet remain the *Nine Muses*, the *Diana* the *Gladiator*, the *Faun Cupid stringing his Bow*, the *Venus rising from the Bath*, and several others.—*Galignani's Messenger.*

The German Papers say, that restitution of the Pictures from Vienna, to the number of 300, has been made.

The elegant mansion of the late Duke of St. Alban's, at the upper end of Stratford place, Oxford-street, formerly the residence of Lord Aldborough, is taken, by the command of the Prince Regent, for the abode of the Archduke Charles of Austria, his new married Archduchess, and suite, during their stay in this country, where they are expected speedily on their intended visit.

The British effective force in France is estimated at Heavy Cavalry 3,500; light ditto, 3,500; foot guards, 4000; infantry, 35000 exclusive of artillery and other corps.

Mis Mary Anne Clarke, as report states, has returned to North Down, having settled with her creditors.

Arthur Stanhope, Esq. the consin of the late Earl of Chesterfield, had a closet audience of the Regent, and delivered to him the Ribbon and Order of the Garter worn by his late Noble Relative.

Miss O'Neill, by her performances at the country theatres, during the summer, is said to have realized upwards of 8000l.

Lord Amherst, appointed Ambassador to the Emperor of China, visited the Government Offices on Friday, preparatory to his departure on his important mission.

Lord Castlereagh is nearly recover[illegible] accident, though he cannot [illegible]

Three vessels, of the description called country ships, now in preparation for speedy dispatch to the Indian Seas, are, it is reported, to take out large supplies of stores for the Cape of Good Hope, the Isle of France, Ceylon, and, according to some statement, to St. Helena also. Numbers of individuals and some families, are also going out, upon employments civil and military, at the several settlements, constituting considerable additions to the colonial establishments. Not less than ten additional medical Officers are going to Ceylon—Some troops are going in these ships.

BRIGHTON HERALD,—SEP. 2.

The Prince Regent has given £ 50. towards erecting a monument at Dumfries, to the memory of Burns, the Scotch Poet.

The stripping of the Louvre, in Paris, of the stolen works of art, still goes on. The king of the Netherlands has claimed 150 of the Dutch and Flemish pictures. The Apollo Belvidere, reclaimed by the Pope, has been made a present of to the Prince Regent. The Venus de Medici, and many other of these valuable reliques, are expected to be purchased, and find their way to England.

That active and enterprising Officer, Sir James Yeo, is going out to the coast of Africa, with the rank of Commodore, for the purpose of extirpating the remaining trassickers in human flesh.

[illegible] *appointed to try Marshal Ney.*

The Duke of Cornegliano (Moncey,) President.
The Prince of Essling (Massena.)
The Duke of Castighone (Augereau)
Marshal Jourdan.
Lieutenant General Maison, (Governor of Paris.
Lieutenant General Villette.
Lieutenant General Claparede.

[*From a German Paper.*]

PARIS, SEPT. 11.—The following letter from Prince Blucher to his Majesty the King of Prussia, is in circulation here; it is said to have been published to the whole army under his command:—"Your Majesty has been graciously pleased to order that the army shall receive its arrears of pay; but as nothing has yet been received in France; his Highness the Chancellor Prince Hardenburg has given orders to M. Von Bulow, the Minister of the Finances, to draw the necessary sums from our own country. Your Majesty will allow me to express to you openly and without reserve, my opinion and request, and that of the army. Upon our advance into France we were animated with the wish to acquire nothing for ourselves but *Honour*; but, on the other hand, to relieve our distressed country, and enable your Majesty to heal the wounds which long misfortunes, and hostile arrogance have inflicted upon our country in general, and upon every individual family. For this reason I demanded a contribution of 100 millions of francs from Paris, and of this sum I wished to apply only a part to the use of the army; and therefore proposed to your Majesty to allow the army two months' pay which was graciously granted; but as altered circumstances render this impossible, the whole army, will not only joyfully renounce the two months pay, but we most humbly beseech your Majesty to let

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no more money be paid us at present, than what is absolutely necessary for the wounded. We will rather submit to the greatest privations, than draw to France the revenues of the State which are raised with so much difficulty, and thus enrich this detested country, and destroy in the bud reviving prosperity of our native land. (Signed) " BLUCHER.

" Head-quarter at Chartres, August 12, 1815."

PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE.

PARIS, SEPT. 26—I have just learned in the most authentic manner what passed in the Palace on the resignation of the Ministers. All the Ministers being assembled in the King's presence, Talleyrand addressed his Majesty in the name of the whole. He read a note similar in substance to his speech, which I sent you yesterday. The note stated, that as the Ministers formed a responsible and pledged Administration they required more constitutional authority for these acts than Royal Ordinances; and that, the execution of these Ordinances compromising the responsibility of Ministers they ought not to be promulgated without their consent, and still less contrary to their opinion. Finally, the note concluded with proposing that there should either be no responsibility or that the Administration should really be the Government. Unless this was conceded, the Ministers present offered their resignation.

The King took the Note from M. de Talleyrand, read it without shewing any disapprobatoin, and after a moment's reflection said " *Gentleman I accept your resignation.* This answer was by no means expected. Talleyrand, Pasquier, and Louis changed colour, and appeared greatly astonished.

There is a vague rumour of a conspiracy said to have been discovered within these few days, and the object of which was to call the Duke of Orleans to the throne. —About forty of the persons supposed to be concerned it is said have been arrested.

It is reported that means are contrived for the exclusion from the Chamber of Deputies of about forty Members, who are considered adherents of the old Ministry.

PARIS,—SEPTEMBER 25.

The king has appointed as Ministers and Secretaries of State:—

For Foreign Affairs, the Duke de Richelieu, Peer of France.

For War, the Duke de Feltre, Peer of France.

For the Marine and Colonies, the Viscount Dubouchage, Lieutenant-General.

For the Interior, the Count de Vaublanc, Prefect of the Department des Bouches du Rhone.

For General Police, the Sieur de Cazes, Councillor of State.

His Majesty has not yet appointed to the Ministries of Justice and Finance.

Lord Cholmondely is created Marquis Cholmondely. Lord Grimstone Earl of Verulam. Lord Whitworth, Earl of Whitworth. Lord Brownlow [illegible] Lord Eliot Earl of St. Germains. Lord Boringdon Earl of Morley. Lord Bradford Earl of Bradford. Lord Beauchamp Earl of Beauchamp, and Lord Gardner Viscount Gardner.

The Arduchess Maria Louisa has, by a formal act, renounced, in her own name, and in that of her Son, all pretension whatsoever to the crown of France.

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